Malaria. By Graham E. Henson, M. D. Pp. 173. 27 illustrations. St. Louis. C. V. Mosby Co., 1913.

Into a small volume the author has gathered together in a very comprehensive way, not only the essentials of our knowledge of malaria, but he has succeeded in placing a goodly amount of information into his work as well. Quite a number of books on the subject are frequently quoted, especially that of Craig on "Malarial Fevers," whom the author evidently regards with great favor. It is easily apparent that the author has a very familiar and practical understanding of his subject, and his work will appeal particularly to those who are interested in that side of the sub-ject. To the less familiar, the want of a larger number of illustrations and especially clearer ones of the small malarial forms, might be keenly felt. On the whole, however, this little work may well be recommended to the profession

H. F. ADLER.

Diet in Health and Disease. By Julius Friedenwald, M. D., Professor of Gastro-Enterology wald, M. D., Professor of Gastro-Enterology in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Baltimore; and John Ruhrah, M. D., Professor of Diseases of Children in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Baltimore. Fourth edition, thoroughly revised and enlarged. Octavo of 857 pages. Philadelphia and London: W. B. Saunders Company, 1913. Cloth, \$4.00; half morocco, \$5.50 net. W. B. Saunders Company, Philadelphia and London.

Four years having elapsed since the publication of the third edition of this book, the many changes in opinions held by authorities on diet, and the new facts brought forward by metabolism studies have induced the authors to thoroughly revise their well known and popular work.

A chapter has been added on the mechanism of digestion, and that on metabolism rewritten. The subject of diet in relation to salt metabolism has been considerably changed, the work of Widal being given due weight, whereas no mention is made of the theories of Fischer, who has yet to publish convincing clinical evidence of the successful application of his ideas in a large series of

Coleman's work on typhoid fever is included in its appropriate section. The chapter on diabetes has been considerably amplified and its value greatly increased by the inclusion of definite dietetic schemes of treatment as well as of the tables published quite recently by Winton of the Connecticut Agricultural Station on the composition of most of the so-called diabetic foods. sition of most of the so-called diabetic foods. These tables should do much to disillusion the average person so apt to forbid bread and other carbohydrates but who prescribes these foods ad lib.

Without going into further detail it may be said that the book gives us the latest views on all dietetic questions and can be heartily recommended as being about the best published in the United States on this important subject. R. B.

Diseases of the Eye. By George E. deSchweinitz, M. D., Professor of Ophthalmology in the University of Pennsylvania. Seventh Edition Thoroughly Revised. Octavo of 979 pages, 360 text illustrations, and seven lithographic plates. Philadelphia and London. W. B. Saunders Philadelphia and London. Company, 1913. Coth, \$5. Coth, \$5.00 net, Half Morocco, \$6.00 net.

text book on Ophthalmology by de Schweinitz, has met with marked favor as is evidenced by its now appearing in its seventh edition. This work can be recommended to those wishing a reliable guide in ophthalmology. The following special paragraphs, which appear for the first time, have brought the book up to date:

Schiotz's Tonometer, 110-504;

Ophthalmodiaphanoscopy, 141-485;

Sporotrichosis of the Eyelids and Conjunctiva,

Widmark's Conjunctivitis, 306;

Rosacea Keratitis, 351;

Epithelial Dystrophy of the Cornea, 367;

Marginal Degeneration of the Cornea, 367;

Blue Sclerotics, 396;

Progressive Atrophy of the Iris Layers, 400-406-

Exudative Retinitis, 610;

Angiomatosis Retina, 611;

Cysts of the Retina, 624;

Blindness from the Aryolarsenates, 672; Siegrist's method of local Anesthesia, 802; Simple Trephining of the Sclera, 522-845-846.

Reese's Muscle Resection Operation, 902;

Toti's Operation, 910.

The paper is good, as is the print, and though the book is more bulky than its predecessor, it contains the same number of pages. It might have been well to have changed more of the stereotyped illustrations. W. S. F.

The Surgical Clinics of John B. Murphy, M. D., at Mercy Hospital, Chicago. Volume II, No. 5 (October, 1913). Octavo of 174 pages, 52 illustrations. W. B. Saunders Company, Philadelphia and London. 1913. Published bimonthly. Price per year: Paper, \$8.00; cloth, \$12.00. W. B. Saunders Company, Philadelphia and London.

Double Inguinal Hernia-Some Italian Statistics Technic of the Andrews Operation.

Appendicitis — Differential Diagnosis; Perforations; Treatment of General Suppurative Periton-

Osteitis Fibrosa Cysticus of the Upper End of the Femur, not Involving the Head and Neck; Transplant Placed in Cavity.

Cavernous Angioma of the Thigh.

Sarcoma of the Thymus Gland.

Infected Bursa of Olecranon; Miner's Elbow.

Healed Duodenal Ulcer; Constriction of Pyloric Zone of Stomach by Adhesions; Tubercular Appendicitis.

Ankylosis of Knee with Old Focus of Infection in Tissues Outside of Knee, Discovered at Operation. Early Management of Joint Infections to Prevent Ankylosis.

Congenital Idiopathic Dilatation of the Colon; Parry's Disease; Hirschsprung's Disease.

Ankylosis of Hip Following Sore Throat; Metastatic Arthritis; Arthroplasty.

Calculus in the Urinary Bladder. Tumor of the Tongue—Tuberculoma.

Carcinoma of the Tongue. Patient Brought in for Examination. Specimen Removed for Laboratory Examination.

Tumor of Femur; Cavity Filled with Moorhof Wax.

Abdominal Fecal Fistula Following Puncture of Uterus by Curet and Drainage of Retro-uterine Abscess. Remarks on Use of Curet. Resection of Abscess. Remarks on Use of Curet. Res Bowel. End-to-Side Suture. Anastomosis.

Tumor of Axilla; False Aneurysm of Axillary Artery, Result of Ulcerative Syphilitic Endarteritis, which Perforated the Wall of the Artery.

Talk on Cancer by Dr. W. L. Rodman of Philadelphia (at the Clinic, June 5, 1913).